



CDC Updates for Clinicians

Clinician Outreach and Communication Activity (COCA)
Emergency Communication System

August 31, 2009

The following updates were made to CDC information and guidance from **Aug 24 - 31, 2009**. If you have any questions on these or other clinical issues, please write to us at coca@cdc.gov.

If you have received this update from a colleague and would like to subscribe to the listserve, please visit <http://emergency.cdc.gov/clinregistry/>.

Today's topics include:

[Novel H1N1 & Seasonal Influenza Update](#)
[Immunization & Vaccine Update](#)
[Emergency Preparedness](#)
[Emerging Infectious Disease Journal](#)

- [Subscribe to RSS](#)
- [CDC Emergency on Twitter](#)

Novel H1N1 & Seasonal Influenza

Novel H1N1 Flu Situation Update - CDC - Aug 28

<http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/update.htm>

Novel H1N1 Influenza: Resources for Clinicians - CDC

This page is designed to give clinicians access to the latest guidelines and information on the evolving novel H1N1 influenza investigation.

<http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/clinicians/>

President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology (PCAST) releases report assessing H1N1 preparations - White House Press Briefing - Aug 24

A Presidential advisory group of the nation's leading scientists and engineers released a new report assessing the Obama Administration's preparations for this fall's expected resurgence of 2009-H1N1 flu and outlining key steps officials can take in the coming weeks and months to minimize the disease's impact on the nation.

http://www.whitehouse.gov/the_press_office/

FDA Authorizes Emergency Use of H1N1 Test for U.S. Troops Serving Overseas - FDA - Aug 25

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration announced it has issued an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) that allows a 2009 H1N1 influenza virus test to be used to detect the virus in troops serving overseas.

<http://www.fda.gov/ForConsumers/ConsumerUpdates/ucm048750.htm>

Seasonal Influenza Weekly Report: Influenza Summary Update - CDC - Aug 28

During week 33 (August 16-22, 2009), influenza activity remained stable or continued to decline in most areas of the U.S. However, activity appears to be increasing in the Southeast.

<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly>

Weekly US Map - CDC - Aug 28

<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/usmap.htm>

Immunization & Vaccine Update

State/Jurisdiction Contact Information for Providers Interested in Providing H1N1 Vaccine - CDC - Aug 28

For the point of contact for your state or jurisdiction in regards to providing the H1N1 vaccine please following link below:

<http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/vaccination/statecontacts.htm>

Use of Influenza A (H1N1) 2009 Monovalent Vaccine - CDC/MMWR - Aug 28

Influenza vaccination is the most effective method for preventing influenza and influenza-related complications. Specific vaccines against the novel influenza A (H1N1) virus are being manufactured, and licensed vaccine is expected to be available in the United States by mid-October 2009.

<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr5810a1.htm>

National, State, and Local Area Vaccination Coverage Among Children Aged 19-35 Months - United States, 2008 - CDC/MMWR - Aug 28

This report describes the 2008 NIS coverage estimates for this series and individual vaccines, 7-valent pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV7), ≥2 doses of hepatitis A vaccine (HepA), and hepatitis B vaccination received in the first 3 days of life (HepB birth dose) among children born during January 2005--June 2007.

<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5833a3.htm>

A Parent's Guide to Kids' Vaccines - FDA - Aug 28

Vaccines have contributed to a significant reduction in many childhood diseases, such as diphtheria, measles, and whooping cough. Other diseases, such as polio and smallpox, have been eliminated in the United States due to effective vaccines.

<http://www.fda.gov/ForConsumers/ConsumerUpdates/ucm048750.htm#top>

Emergency Preparedness

Preparing for the second wave: lessons from current outbreaks - WHO - Aug 28

WHO is advising countries in the northern hemisphere to prepare for a second wave of pandemic spread. Countries with tropical climates, where the pandemic virus arrived later than elsewhere, also need to prepare for an increasing number of cases.

<http://www.who.int/csr/disease/swineflu/notes/>

Emerging Infectious Disease Journal

The Emerging Infectious Diseases (EID) journal provides recognition of new and re-emerging infections and understanding of factors involved in disease emergence, prevention, and elimination. It also represents the scientific communications component of CDC's efforts against the threat of emerging infections. See the September 2009 issue of the EID journal at the following link

<http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/EID/index.htm>

The CDC and HHS logos are the exclusive property of the Department of Health and Human Services and may not be used for any purpose without prior express written permission. Use of trade names and commercial sources is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Links to non-Federal organizations are provided solely as a service to our users. Links do not constitute an endorsement of any organization by CDC or the Federal Government, and none should be inferred. The CDC is not responsible for the content of the individual organizations.

Please send us your feedback or comments: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/coca/feedback.htm>.

Our Clinician Communication Team is committed to excellence in reporting our weekly updates. Please e-mail coca@cdc.gov should you note any written errors or discrepancies.

If you need to unsubscribe or update your information, please go to our website:

<http://emergency.cdc.gov/clinregistry/userMaintenance2.asp>

If you need further information or technical help, please send an e-mail message to: coca@cdc.gov



Communicating With Clinicians

CDC currently employs several mechanisms to communicate with clinicians on topics of urgent concern and interest.

[Download this flyer to find out more](#)

